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THE

ART

OF PRESERVING

HEALTH.

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THE

Art of Preserving Health.

BOOK I.

AIR.

DAUGHTER of Pæon, queen of every joy,
HYGEIA* ; whose indulgent smile sustains
The various race luxuriant nature pours;
And on th' immortal essences bestows
Immortal youth ; auspicious, O descend !
Thou cheerful guardian of the rolling year,

* *Hygeia, the goddess of health, was, according to the genealogy of the heathen deities, the daughter of Esculapius ; who, as well as Apollo, was distinguished by the name of Pæon.*

Whether thou wanton'ſt on the weſtern gale,
Or ſhak'ſt the rigid pinions of the north,
Diffuſeſt life and vigor through the tracts
Of air, through earth, and ocean's deep domain.
When through the blue ſerenity of heaven
Thy power approaches, all the waſteful hoſt
Of Pain and Sickneſs, ſqualid and deform'd,
Confounded ſink into the loathſome gloom,
Where in deep Erebus involv'd the fiends
Grow more profane: Whatever ſhapes of death,
Shook from the hideous chambers of the globe,
Swarm thro' the ſhuddering air: whatever plagues
Or meagre famine breeds, or with ſlow wings
Riſe from the putrid wat'ry element,
The damp waſte foreſt, motionleſs and rank,
That ſmothers earth and all the breathleſs winds,
Or the vile carnage of th' inhuman field;
Whatever baneful breathes the rotten ſouth;
Whatever ills th' extremes or ſudden change
Of cold and hot, or moiſt and dry produce;

They fly thy pure effulgence : they and all
The secret poisons of avenging heaven,
And all the pale tribes halting in the train
Of Vice and heedless Pleasure : or if aught
The comet's glare amid the burning sky,
Mournful eclipse, or planets ill-combin'd,
Portend disastrous to the vital world ;
Thy salutary power averts their rage,
Averts the general bane ; and but for thee
Nature would sicken, nature soon would die.

Without thy cheerful active energy
No rapture swells the breast, no Poet sings,
No more the maids of Helicon delight.
Come then with me, O Goddess heavenly gay !
Begin the song ; and let it sweetly flow,
And let it wisely teach thy wholesome laws :
" How best the fickle fabric to support
" Of mortal man ; in healthful body how
" A healthful mind the longest to maintain."
'Tis hard, in such a strife of rules, to chuse

The beſt, and thoſe of moſt extenſive uſe;
Harder in clear and animated ſong
Dry philoſophic precepts to convey.
Yet with thy aid the ſecret wilds I trace
Of nature, and with daring ſteps proceed
Through paths the muſes never trod before.

Nor ſhould I wander doubtful of my way,
Had I the lights of that ſagacious mind
Which taught to check the peſtilential fire,
And quell the deadly Python of the Nile.
O thou belov'd by all the graceful arts,
Thou long the fav'rite of the healing powers,
Indulge, O MEAD! a well-deſign'd eſſay,
Howe'er imperfect: and permit that I
My little knowledge with my country ſhare,
Till you the rich Aſclepian ſtores unlock,
And with new graces dignify the theme.

YE who amid this feveriſh world would wear
A body free of pain, of cares a mind;

Fly the rank city, ſhun its turbid air ;
Breathe not the chaos of eternal ſmoke
And volatile corruption, from the dead,
The dying, ſick'ning, and the living world
Exhal'd, to ſully heaven's tranſparent dome
With dim mortality. It is not Air
That from a thouſand lungs reeks back to thine,
Sated with exhalations rank and fell,
The ſpoil of dunghills, and the putrid thaw
Of nature ; when from ſhape and texture ſhe
Relapſes into fighting elements :
It is not Air, but floats a nauſeous maſs
Of all obſcene, corrupt, offenſive things.
Much moiſture hurts ; but here a ſordid bath
With oily rancor fraught, relaxes more
The ſolid frame than ſimple moiſture can.
Beſides, immur'd in many a ſullen bay
That never felt the freſhneſs of the breeze,
This ſlumb'ring deep remains, and ranker grows

With ſickly reſt : and (though the lungs abhor
To drink the dun ſuliginous abyſs)
Did not the acid vigor of the mine,
Roll'd from ſo many thund'ring chimnies, tame
The putrid ſteams that overſwarm the ſky ;
This cauſtic venom would perhaps corrode
Thoſe tender cells that draw the vital air,
In vain with all their unctuous rills bedew'd ;
Or by the drunken venous tubes, that yawn
In countleſs pores o'er all the pervious ſkin
Imbib'd, would poiſon the balſamic blood,
And rouſe the heart to every fever's rage.
While yet you breathe, away ; the rural wilds
Invite ; the mountains call you, and the vales ;
The woods, the ſtreams, and each ambroſial breeze
That fans the ever undulating ſky ;
A kindly ſky ! whoſe foſt'ring power regales
Man, beaſt, and all the vegetable reign.
Find then ſome woodland ſcene where nature ſmiles
Benign, where all her honeſt children thrive.

To us there wants not many a happy Seat !
Look round the ſmiling land, ſuch numbers riſe
We hardly fix, bewilder'd in our choice.
See where enthron'd in adamantine ſtate,
Proud of her bards, imperial Windſor ſits ;
There chuſe thy ſeat, in ſome aſpiring grove
Faſt by the ſlowly-winding Thames ; or where
Broader ſhe laves fair Richmond's green retreats,
(Richmond that ſees an hundred villas riſe
Rural or gay). O ! from the ſummer's rage
O ! wrap me in the friendly gloom that hides
Umbrageous Ham !—But if the buſy town
Attract thee ſtill to toil for power or gold,
Sweetly thou may'ſt thy vacant hours poſſeſs
In Hampſtead, courted by the weſtern wind ;
Or Greenwich, waving o'er the winding flood ;
Or loſe the world amid the ſylvan wilds
Of Dulwich, yet by barbarous arts unſpoil'd.
Green riſe the Kentiſh hills in cheerful air ;
But on the marſhy plains that Lincoln ſpreads

Build not, nor reſt too long thy wand'ring feet.
For on a ruſtic throne of dewy turf,
With baneful fogs her aching temples bound,
Quartana there preſides: a meagre Fiend
Begot by Eurus, when his brutal force
Compreſs'd the ſlothful Naiad of the fens.
From ſuch a mixture ſprung, this fitful peſt
With ſev'riſh blaſts ſubdues the ſick'ning land:
Cold tremors come with mighty love of reſt,
Convulſive yawnings, laſſitude, and pains
That ſting the burden'd brows, fatigue the loins,
And rack the joints and every torpid limb;
Then parching heat ſucceeds, till copious ſweats
O'erflow: a ſhort relief from former ills.
Beneath repeated ſhocks the wretches pine;
The vigor ſinks, the habit melts away;
The cheerful, pure, and animated bloom
Dies from the face, with ſquallid atrophy
Devour'd, in ſallow melancholy clad.
And oft the ſorcereſs, in her fated wrath,

Reſigns them to the furies of her train ;
The bloated Hydrops, and the yellow fiend
Ting'd with her own accumulated gall.

In queſt of ſites, avoid the mournful plain
Where oſiers thrive, and trees that love the lake ;
Where many lazy muddy rivers flow :
Nor for the wealth that all the Indies roll
Fix near the marſhy margin of the main.
For from the humid ſoil and watry reign
Eternal vapors riſe ; the ſpungy air
For ever weeps : or, turgid with the weight
Of waters, pours a ſounding deluge down.
Skies ſuch as theſe let every mortal ſhun
Who dreads the dropſy, palſy, or the gout,
Tertian, corroſive ſcurvy, or moiſt catarrh ;
Or any other injury that grows
From raw-ſpun fibres idle and unſtrung,
Lax ill perſpiring, and the purple flood
Indanguid eddies loitering into phlegm.

Yet not alone from humid ſkies we pine ;
For Air may be too dry. The ſubtle heaven,
That winnows into duſt the blaſted downs,
Bare and extended wide without a ſtream,
Too faſt imbibes th' attenuated lymph
Which, by the ſurface, from the blood exhales.
The lungs grow rigid, and with toil eſſay
Their flexible vibrations ; or inflam'd,
Their tender ever-moving ſtructure thaws:
Spoil'd of its limpid vehicle, the blood
A maſs of lees remains, a droſſy tide
That flow as Lethe wanders thro' the veins ;
Unactive in the ſervices of life,
Unfit to lead its pitchy current through
The ſecret mazy channels of the brain.
The melancholic fiend (that worſt deſpair
Of phyſic,) hence the ruſt-complexion'd man
Purſues, whoſe blood is dry, whoſe fibres gain
Too ſtretch'd a tone : and hence in climes aduſt
So ſudden tumults ſeize the trembling nerves,

And burning fevers glow with double rage.

Fly, if you can, thoſe violent extremes
Of Air; the wholeſome is nor moiſt nor dry.
But as the power of chooſing is deny'd
To half mankind, a further taſk enſues;
How beſt to mitigate theſe fell extremes,
How breathe unhurt the withering element,
Or hazy atmoſphere: Though Cuſtom mould
To ev'ry clime the ſoft Promethean clay;
And he who firſt the fogs of Eſſex breath'd
(So kind is native air) may in the fens
Of Eſſex from inveterate ills revive
At pure Montpelier or Bermuda caught.
But if the raw and oozy heaven offend,
Correct the ſoil, and dry the ſources up
Of watry exhalation; wide and deep
Conduct your trenches through the quaking bog;
Solicitous, with all your winding arts,
Betray th' unwilling lake into the ſtream;

And weed the foreſt, and invoke the winds
To break the toils where ſtrangled vapors lie;
Or thro' the thickets ſend the crackling flames.
Mean time at home with cheerful fires diſpel
The humid air: And let your table ſmoke
With ſolid roaſt or baked; or what the herds
Of tamer breed ſupply; or what the wilds
Yield to the toilſome pleaſure of the chaſe.
Generous your wine, the boaſt of rip'ning years;
But frugal be your cups: the languid frame,
Vapid and ſunk by yeſterday's debauch,
Shrinks from the cold embrace of wat'ry heavens.
But neither theſe nor all Apollo's arts,
Diſarm the dangers of the dropping ſky,
Unleſs with exerciſe and manly toil
You brace your nerves, and ſpur the lagging blood.
The fat'ning clime let all the ſons of eaſe
Avoid; if indolence would wiſh to live.
Go, yawn and loiter out the long ſlow year
In fairer ſkies. If droughty regions parch

The ſkin and lungs, and bake the thickening blood;
Deep in the waving foreſt chuſe your ſeat,
Where fuming trees refreſh the thirſty air;
And wake the fountains from their ſecret beds,
And into lakes dilate the rapid ſtream.
Here ſpread your gardens wide; and let the cool,
The moiſt relaxing vegetable ſtore
Prevail in each repaſt: Your food ſupplied
By bleeding life, be gently waſted down,
By ſoft decoction and a mellowing heat,
To liquid balm; or, if the ſolid maſs
You chooſe, tormented in the boiling wave;
That through the thirſty channels of the blood
A ſmooth diluted chyle may ever flow.
The fragrant dairy from its cool receſs
Its nectar, acid or benign, will pour,
To drown your thirſt; or let the mantling bowl
Of keen Sherbet the fickle taſte relieve.
For with the viſcous blood the ſimple ſtream
Will hardly mingle; and fermented cups

Oft diſſipate more moiſture than they give.
Yet when pale ſeaſons riſe, or winter rolls
His horrors o'er the world, thou may'ſt indulge
In feaſts more genial, and impatient broach
The mellow caſk. Then too the ſcourging air
Provokes to keener toils than ſultry droughts
Allow. But rarely we ſuch ſkies blaſpheme.
Steep'd in continual rains, or with raw fogs
Bedew'd, our ſeaſons droop: incumbent ſtill
A ponderous heaven o'erwhelms the ſinking ſoul.
Lab'ring with ſtorms in heapy mountains riſe
Th' embattled clouds, as if the Stygian ſhades
Had left the dungeon of eternal night,
Till black with thunder all the South deſcends.
Scarce in a ſhowerleſs day the heavens indulge
Our melting clime; except the baleful Eaſt
Withers the tender ſpring, and ſourly checks
The fancy of the year. Our fathers talk
Of ſummers, balmy airs, and ſkies ſerene.
Good heaven! for what unexpiated crimes

This dismal change! The brooding elements
Do they, your powerful ministers of wrath,
Prepare some fierce exterminating plague?
Or is it fix'd in the Decrees above,
That lofty Albion melt into the main?
Indulgent nature! O dissolve this gloom!
Bind in eternal adamant the winds
That drown or wither: Give the genial West
To breathe, and in its turn the sprightly North:
And may once more the circling seasons rule
The year; not mix in every monstrous day.

Mean time, the moist malignity to shun
Of burthen'd skies; mark where the dry champaign
Swells into cheerful hills; where Marjoram
And Thyme, the love of bees, perfume the air;
And where the *Cynorrhodon with the rose
For fragrance vies; for in the thirsty soil
Most fragrant breathe the aromatic tribes.

* *The wild rose, or that which grows on the common brier.*

There bid thy roofs high on the baſking ſteep
Aſcend, there light thy hoſpitable fires.
And let them ſee the winter morn ariſe,
The ſummer evening bluſhing in the weſt;
While with umbrageous oaks the ridge behind
O'erhung, defends you from the bluſtering north,
And bleak affliction of the peeviſh eaſt.
O! when the growling winds contend, and all
The ſounding foreſt fluctuates in the ſtorm;
To ſink in warm repoſe, and hear the din
Howl o'er the ſteady battlements, delights
Above the luxury of vulgar ſleep.
The murmuring rivulet, and the hoarſer ſtrain
Of waters ruſhing o'er the ſlippery rocks,
Will nightly lull you to ambroſial reſt.
To pleaſe the fancy is no trifling good,
Where health is ſtudied; for whatever moves
The mind with calm delight, promotes the juſt
And natural movements of th' harmonious frame.
Beſides, the ſportive brook forever ſhakes

The trembling air ; that floats from hill to hill,
From vale to mountain, with inceſſant change
Of pureſt element, refreſhing ſtill
Your airy ſeat, and uninfected Gods.
Chiefly for this I praiſe the man who builds
High on the breezy ridge, whoſe lofty ſides
Th' etherial deep with endleſs billows chafes:
His purer manſion nor contagious years
Shall reach, nor deadly putrid airs annoy.

But may no fogs, from lake or fenny plain,
Involve my hill ! And whereſoe'r you build ;
Whether on ſunburnt Epſom, or the plains
Waſh'd by the ſilent Lee ; in Chelſea low,
Or high Blackheath with wintry winds aſſail'd ;
Dry be your houſe : but airy more than warm.
Elſe every breath of ruder wind will ſtrike
Your tender body through with rapid pains ;
Fierce coughs will ſeize you, hoarſeneſs bind your voice
Or moiſt Gravedo load your aching brows.

These to defy, and all the fates that dwell
In cloister'd air, tainted with steaming life,
Let lofty ceilings grace your ample rooms;
And still at azure noontide may your dome
At every window drink the liquid sky.
Need we the sunny situation here,
And theatres open to the south, commend?
Here, where the morning's misty breath infests
More than the torrid noon? How sickly grow,
How pale, the plants in those ill-fated vales
That, circled round with the gigantic heap
Of mountains, never felt, nor ever hope
To feel, the genial vigor of the sun!
While on the neighboring hill the rose inflames
The verdant spring; in virgin beauty blows
The tender lily, languishingly sweet;
O'er every hedge the wanton woodbine roves,
And autumn ripens in the summer's ray.
Nor less the warmer living tribes demand

The foſtering ſun ; whoſe energy divine
Dwells not in mortal fire ; whoſe generous heat
Glows through the maſs of groſſer elements,
And kindles into life the ponderous ſpheres.
Cheer'd by thy kind invigorating warmth,
We court thy beams, great majeſty of day !
If not the ſoul, the regent of this world,
Firſt-born of heaven, and only leſs than God !

THE

Art of Preserving Health.

BOOK II.

DIET.

ENOUGH of Air. A deſart ſubject now,
Rougher and wilder, riſes to my ſight.
A barren waſte, where not a garland grows
To bind the Muſe's brow; not ev'n a proud
Stupendous ſolitude frowns o'er the heath,
To rouſe a noble horror in the ſoul:
But rugged paths fatigue, and error leads
Through endleſs labyrinths the devious feet.
Farewel, etherial fields! the humbler arts
Of life; the Table and the homely Gods
Demand my ſong. Elyſian gales adieu!

The blood, the fountain whence the ſpirits flow,
The generous ſtream that waters every part,

And motion, vigor, and warm life conveys
To every particle that moves or lives;
This vital fluid, through unnumber'd tubes
Pour'd by the heart, and to the heart again
Refunded; scourg'd for ever round and round;
Enrag'd with heat and toil, at last forgets
Its balmy nature; virulent and thin
It grows; and now, but that a thousand gates
Are open to its flight, it would destroy
The parts it cherish'd and repair'd before.
Besides the flexible and tender tubes
Melt in the mildest most nectareous tide
That ripening nature rolls; as in the stream
Its crumbling banks; but what the vital force
Of plastic fluids hourly batters down,
That very force, those plastic particles
Rebuild: So mutable the state of man.
For this the watchful appetite was giv'n,
Daily with fresh materials to repair

This unavoidable expenſe of life,
This neceſſary waſte of fleſh and blood.
Hence the concoctive powers, with various art,
Subdue the cruder aliments to chyle;
The chyle to blood; the foamy purple tide
To liquors, which through finer arteries
To different parts their winding courſe purſue;
To try new changes, and new forms put on,
Or for the public, or ſome private uſe.

Nothing ſo foreign but th' athletic hind
Can labor into blood. The hungry meal
Alone he fears, or aliments too thin;
By violent powers too eaſily ſubdu'd,
Too ſoon expell'd. His daily labor thaws,
To friendly chyle, the moſt rebellious maſs
That ſalt can harden, or the ſmoke of years;
Nor does his gorge the luſcious bacon rue,
Nor that which Ceſtria ſends, tenacious paſte
Of ſolid milk. But ye of ſofter clay,

Infirm and delicate! and ye who waſte
With pale and bloated ſloth the tedious day!
Avoid the ſtubborn aliment, avoid
The full repaſt: and let ſagacious age
Grow wiſer, leſſon'd by the dropping teeth.
Half ſubtiliz'd to chyle, the liquid food
Readieſt obeys th' aſſimilating powers;
And ſoon the tender vegetable maſs
Relents; and ſoon the young of thoſe that tread
The ſtedfaſt earth, or cleave the green abyſs,
Or pathleſs ſky. And if the ſteer muſt fall,
In youth and ſanguine vigor let him die;
Nor ſtay till rigid age, or heavy ails,
Abſolve him ill-requited from the yoke.
Some with high forage, and luxuriant eaſe,
Indulge the veteran Ox; but wiſer thou,
From the bald mountain or the barren downs,
Expect the flocks by frugal nature fed;
A race of purer blood, with exerciſe

Refin'd, and ſcanty fare : For, old or young,
The ſtall'd are never healthy ; nor the cramm'd.
Not all the culinary arts can tame,
To wholſome food, the abominable growth
Of reſt and gluttony ; the prudent taſte
Rejects like bane ſuch loathſome luſciouſneſs.
The languid ſtomach curſes even the pure
Delicious fat, and all the race of oil :
For more the oily aliments relax
Its feeble tone ; and with the eager lymph
(Fond to incorporate with all it meets)
Coily they mix, and ſhun with ſlippery wiles
The woo'd embrace. Th' irreſoluble oil,
So gentle late and blandiſhing, in floods
Of rancid bile o'erflows : What tumults hence,
What horrors riſe, were nauſeous to relate.
Chuſe leaner viands, ye whoſe jovial make
Too faſt the gummy nutriment imbibes :
Chuſe ſober meals ; and rouſe to active life
Your cumbrous clay ; nor on th' enfeebling down,

Irresolute, protract the morning hours.
But let the man whose bones are thinly clad,
With cheerful ease and succulent repast
Improve his habit if he can; for each
Extreme departs from perfect sanity.
I could relate what table this demands
Or that complexion; what the various powers
Of various foods: But fifty years would roll,
And fifty more before the tale were done.
Besides there often lurks some nameless, strange,
Peculiar thing; nor on the skin display'd,
Felt in the pulse, nor in the habit seen;
Which finds a poison in the food that most
The temp'rature affects. There are, whose blood
Impetuous rages through the turgid veins;
Who better bear the fiery fruits of Ind
Than the moist mellon, or pale cucumber.
Of chilly nature others fly the board
Supply'd with slaughter, and the vernal powers
For cooler, kinder sustenance implore.

Some even the generous nutriment deteſt
Which, in the ſhell, the ſleeping embryo rears.
Some, more unhappy ſtill, repent the gifts
Of Pales ; ſoft, delicious and benign :
The balmy quinteſſence of every flower,
And every grateful herb that decks the ſpring ;
The foſt'ring dew of tender ſprouting life ;
The beſt refection of declining age ;
The kind reſtorative of thoſe who lie
Half dead and panting, from the doubtful ſtrife
Of nature ſtruggling in the graſp of death.
Try all the bounties of this fertile globe,
There is not ſuch a ſalutary food
As ſuits with every ſtomach. But (except,
Amid the mingled maſs of fiſh and fowl,
And boil'd and bak'd, you heſitate by which
You ſink oppreſs'd, or whether not by all ;)
Taught by experience ſoon you may diſcern
What pleaſes, what offends. Avoid the cates
That lull the ſicken'd appetite too long ;

Or heave with feverish flushings all the face,
Burn in the palms, and parch the rough'ning tongue;
Or much diminish or too much increase
Th' expence, which nature's wise economy,
Without or waste or avarice, maintains.
Such cates abjur'd, let prowling hunger loose,
And bid the curious palate roam at will;
They scarce can err amid the various stores
That burst the teeming entrails of the world.
Led by sagacious taste, the ruthless king
Of beasts, on blood and slaughter only lives;
The Tiger, form'd alike to cruel meals,
Would at the manger starve: Of milder seeds
The generous horse to herbage and to grain
Confines his wish; though fabling Greece resound
The Thracian steeds with human carnage wild.
Prompted by instinct's never-erring power,
Each creature knows its proper aliment;
But man, th' inhabitant of every clime,
With all the commoners of nature feeds.

Directed, bounded, by this power within,
Their cravings are well aim'd: Voluptuous Man
Is by superior faculties misled;
Misled from pleasure even in quest of joy.
Sated with nature's boons, what thousands seek,
With dishes tortur'd from their native taste,
And mad variety, to spur beyond
Its wiser will the jaded appetite!
Is this for pleasure? Learn a juster taste;
And know that temperance is true luxury.
Or is it pride? Pursue some nobler aim.
Dismiss your parasites, who praise for hire;
And earn the fair esteem of honest men,
Whose praise is fame. Form'd of such clay as yours,
The sick, the needy, shiver at your gates,
Even modest want may bless your hand unseen,
Though hush'd in patient wretchedness at home.
Is there no virgin, grac'd with every charm
But that which binds the mercenary vow?

No youth of genius, whose neglected bloom,
Unfoster'd, sickens in the barren shade?
No worthy man, by fortune's random blows,
Or by a heart too generous and humane,
Constrain'd to leave his happy natal seat,
And sigh for wants more bitter than his own?
There are, while human miseries abound,
A thousand ways to waste superfluous wealth,
Without one fool or flatterer at your board,
Without one hour of sickness or disgust.

But other ills th' ambiguous feast pursue,
Besides provoking the lascivious taste.
Such various foods, though harmless each alone,
Each other violate; and oft we see
What strife is brew'd, and what pernicious bane,
From combinations of innoxious things.
Th' unbounded taste I mean not to confine
To hermit's diet needlessly severe.
But would you long the sweets of health enjoy,

Or husband pleasure ; at one impious meal
Exhaust not half the bounties of the year,
Of every realm. It matters not mean while
How much to-morrow differs from to-day ;
So far indulge : 'tis fit, besides, that man,
To change obnoxious, be to change innur'd.
But stay the curious appetite, and taste
With caution, fruits you never tried before.
For want of use the kindest aliment
Sometimes offends ; while custom tames the rage
Of poison to mild amity with life.

So heaven has form'd us to the general taste
Of all its gifts ; so custom has improv'd
This bent of nature ; that few simple foods,
Of all that earth, or air, or ocean yield,
But by excess offend. Beyond the sense
Of light refection, at the genial board
Indulge not often ; nor protract the feast
To dull satiety ; till soft and slow
A drowzy death creeps on, th' expansive soul

Oppreſs'd, and ſmother'd the celeſtial fire.
The ſtomach, urg'd beyond its active tone,
Hardly to nutrimental chyle ſubdues
The ſofteſt food: unfiniſh'd and deprav'd,
The chyle, in all its future wanderings, owns
Its turbid fountain; not by purer ſtreams
So to be clear'd, but foulneſs will remain.
To ſparkling wine what ferment can exalt
Th' unripen'd grape? Or what mechanic ſkill
From the crude ore can ſpin the ductile gold?

Groſs riot treaſures up a wealthy fund
Of plagues: but more immedicable ills
Attend the lean extreme. For phyſic knows
How to diſburden the too tumid veins,
Even how to ripen the half-labor'd blood:
But to unlock the elemental tubes,
Collaps'd and ſhrunk with long inanity,
And with balſamic nutriment repair
The dried and worn-out habit, were to bid
Old age grow green, and wear a ſecond ſpring.

Or the tall ash, long ravish'd from the soil,
Through wither'd veins imbibe the vernal dew.
When hunger calls, obey; nor often wait
Till hunger sharpen to corrosive pain:
For the keen appetite will feast beyond
What nature well can bear; and one extreme
Ne'er without danger meets it own reverse.
Too greedily th' exhausted veins absorb
The recent chyle, and load enfeebled powers
Oft to th' extinction of the vital flame.
To the pale cities, by the firm-set siege
And famine humbled, may this verse be borne;
And hear ye hardiest sons that Albion breeds,
Long toss'd and famish'd on the wintry main;
The war shook off, or hospitable shore
Attain'd, with temperance bear the shock of joy;
Nor crown with festive rites th' auspicious day:
Such feast might prove more fatal than the waves,
Than war or famine. While the vital fire
Burns feebly, heap not the green fuel on;

But prudently foment the wandering ſpark
With what the ſooneſt feeds its kindred touch;
Be frugal even of that: a little give
At firſt; that kindled, add a little more;
Till, by deliberate nouriſhing, the flame
Reviv'd, with all its wonted vigor glows.

But though the two (the full and the jejune)
Extremes have each their vice; it much avails
Ever with gentle tide to ebb and flow
From this to that: So nature learns to bear
Whatever chance or headlong appetite
May bring. Beſides, a meagre day ſubdues
The cruder clods by ſloth or luxury
Collected, and unloads the wheels of life.
Sometimes a coy averſion to the feaſt
Comes on, while yet no blacker omen lours;
Then is a time to ſhun the tempting board,
Were it your natal or your nuptial day.
Perhaps a faſt ſo ſeaſonable ſtarves
The latent ſeeds of woe, which rooted once

Might coſt you labor. But the day return'd
Of feſtal luxury, the wiſe indulge
Moſt in the tender vegetable breed:
Then chiefly when the ſummer beams inflame
The brazen heavens; or angry Sirius ſheds
A feveriſh taint through the ſtill gulph of air.
The moiſt cool viands then, and flowing cup
From the freſh dairy-virgin's liberal hand,
Will ſave your head from harm, tho' round the world
The dreaded *Cauſos roll his waſteful fires.
Pale humid winter loves the generous board,
The meal more copious, and a warmer fare;
And longs with old wood and old wine to cheer
His quaking heart. The ſeaſons which divide
Th' empires of heat and cold; by neither claim'd,
Influenc'd by both; a middle regimen
Impoſe. Through autumn's languiſhing domain
Deſcending, nature by degrees invites

* *The burning fever.*

To glowing luxury. But from the depth
Of winter when th' invigorated year
Emerges; when Favonius flush'd with love,
Joyful and young, in every breeze descends
More warm and wanton on his kindling bride;
Then, shepherds, then begin to spare your flocks;
And learn, with wise humanity, to check
The lust of blood. Now pregnant earth commits
A various offspring to th' indulgent sky:
Now bounteous nature feeds with lavish hand
The prone creation; yields what once suffic'd
Their dainty sovereign, when the world was young;
Ere yet the barbarous thirst of blood had seiz'd
The human breast.—Each rolling month matures
The food that suits it most; so does each clime.

Far in the horrid realms of Winter, where
Th' establish'd ocean heaps a monstrous waste
Of shining rocks and mountains to the pole:
There lives a hardy race, whose plainest wants

Relentleſs earth, their cruel ſtep-mother,
Regards not. On the waſte of iron fields,
Untam'd, intractable, no harveſts wave:
Pomona hates them, and the clowniſh god
Who tends the garden. In this frozen world
Such cooling gifts were vain: a fitter meal
Is earn'd with eaſe; for here the fruitful ſpawn
Of Ocean ſwarms, and heaps their genial board
With generous fare and luxury profuſe.
Theſe are their bread, the only bread they know;
Theſe, and their willing ſlave the deer that crops
The ſhrubby herbage on their meagre hills.
Girt by the burning zone, not thus the South
Her ſwarthy ſons, in either Ind, maintains:
Or thirſty Libya; from whoſe fervid loins
The lion burſts, and every fiend that roams
Th' affrighted wilderneſs. The mountain herd,
Aduſt and dry, no ſweet repaſt affords;
Nor does the tepid main ſuch kinds produce,
So perfect, ſo delicious, as the ſhoals

Of icy Zembla. Raſhly where the blood
Brews feveriſh frays; where ſcarce the tubes ſuſtain
Its tumid fervor and tempeſtuous courſe;
Kind nature tempts not to ſuch gifts as theſe:
But here in livid ripeneſs melts the Grape:
Here finiſh'd by invigorating ſuns,
Thro' the green ſhade the golden Orange glows:
Spontaneous here the turgid Melon yields
A generous pulp: the Coco ſwells on high
With milky riches; and in horrid mail
The criſp Ananas wraps its poignant ſweets.
Earth's vaunted progeny: In ruder air
Too coy to flouriſh, even too proud to live;
Or hardly rais'd by artificial fire
To vapid life. Here with a mother's ſmile
Glad Amalthea pours her copious horn.
Here buxom Ceres reigns: Th' autumnal ſea
In boundleſs billows fluctuates o'er their plains.
What ſuits the climate beſt, what ſuits the men,
Nature profuſes moſt, and moſt the taſte

Demands. The fountain, edg'd with racy wine
Or acid fruit, bedews their thirſty ſouls.
The breeze eternal breathing round their limbs
Supports in elſe intolerable air:
While the cool Palm, the Plaintain, and the grove
That waves on gloomy Lebanon, aſſuage
The torrid hell that beams upon their heads.

Now come, ye Naiads, to the fountain lead;
Now let me wander through your gelid reign.
I burn to view th' enthuſiaſtic wilds
By mortal elſe untrod. I hear the din
Of waters thund'ring o'er the ruin'd cliffs.
With holy reverence I approach the rocks
Whence glide the ſtreams renown'd in ancient ſong.
Here from the deſart down the rumbling ſteep
Firſt ſprings the Nile; here burſts the ſounding Po
In angry waves; Euphrates hence devolves
A mighty flood to water half the Eaſt;
And there, in Gothic ſolitude reclin'd,
The cheerleſs Tanais pours his hoary urn.

What solemn twilight! What stupendous shades
Enwrap these infant floods! Thro' every nerve
A sacred horror thrills, a pleasing fear
Glides o'er my frame. The forest deepens round;
And more gigantic still th' impending trees
Stretch their extravagant arms athwart the gloom.
Are these the confines of some fairy world?
A land of Genii? Say, beyond these wilds
What unknown nations? If indeed beyond
Aught habitable lies. And whither leads,
To what strange regions, or of bliss or pain,
That subterraneous way? Propitious maids,
Conduct me, while with fearful steps I tread
This trembling ground. The task remains to sing
Your gifts, (so Pæon, so the powers of health
Command) to praise your chrystal element;
The chief ingredient in heaven's various works;
Whose flexile genius sparkles in the gem,
Grows firm in oak, and fugitive in wine;
The vehicle, the source, of nutriment

And life, to all that vegetate or live.

O comfortable ſtreams! With eager lips
And trembling hand the languid, thirſty quaff
New life in you; freſh vigor fills their veins.
No warmer cups the rural ages knew:
None warmer ſought the fires of human kind.
Happy in temperate peace! their equal days
Felt not th' alternate fits of feveriſh mirth,
And ſick dejection. Still ſerene and pleas'd
They knew no pains but what the tender ſoul
With pleaſure yields to, and would ne'er forget.
Bleſt with divine immunity from ails,
Long centuries they liv'd; their only fate
Was ripe old age, and rather ſleep than death.
Oh! could thoſe worthies from the world of Gods
Return to viſit their degenerate ſons,
How would they ſcorn the joys of modern time,
With all our art and toil improv'd to pain!
Too happy they! But wealth brought luxury,
And luxury on ſloth begot diſeaſe.

Learn temperance, friends; and hear without disdain
The choice of water. Thus the * Coan sage
Opin'd, and thus the learn'd of every school.
What least of foreign principles partakes
Is best: The lightest then; what bears the touch
Of fire the least, and soonest mounts in air;
The most insipid; the most void of smell.
Such the rude mountain from his horrid sides
Pours down; such waters in the sandy vale
For ever boil, alike of winter frosts
And summer's heat secure. The chrystal stream,
Through rocks resounding, or for many a mile
O'er the chaf'd pebbles hurl'd, yields wholesome, pure
And mellow draughts; except when winter thaws,
And half the mountains melt into the tide.
Though thirst were e'er so resolute, avoid
The sordid lake, and all such drowsy floods
As fill from Lethe Belgia's slow canals;
(With rest corrupt, with vegetation green;

* *Hippocrates.*

Squalid with generation, and the birth
Of little monſters ;) till the power of fire
Has from prophane embraces diſengag'd
The violated lymph. The virgin ſtream
In boiling waſtes its finer ſoul in air.
Nothing like ſimple element dilutes
The food, or gives the chyle ſo ſoon to flow.
But where the ſtomach indolent and cold
Toys with its duty, animate with wine
Th' inſipid ſtream : Though golden Ceres yields
A more voluptuous, a more ſprightly draught ;
Perhaps more active. Wine unmix'd, and all
The gluey floods that from the vex'd abyſs
Of fermentation ſpring ; with ſpirit fraught
And furious with intoxicating fire ;
Retard concoction, and preſerve unthaw'd
Th' embodied maſs. You ſee what countleſs years,
Embalm'd in fiery quinteſſence of wine,
The puny wonders of the reptile world,

The tender rudiments of life, the slim
Unravellings of minute anatomy,
Maintain their texture, and unchang'd remain.

We curse not wine: The vile excess we blame;
More fruitful than th' accumulated board,
Of pain and misery. For the subtle draught
Faster and surer swells the vital tide;
And with more active poison, than the floods
Of grosser crudity convey, pervades.
The far remote meanders of our frame.
Ah! fly deceiver! Branded o'er and o'er,
Yet still believ'd! Exulting o'er the wreck
Of sober vows!—But the Parnassian Maids
* Another time perhaps shall sing the joys,
The fatal charms, the many woes of wine;
Perhaps its various tribes, and various powers.

Mean time, I would not always dread the bowl,
Nor every trespass shun. The feverish strife,
Rous'd by the rare debauch, subdues, expels

* *See Book* iv.

The loitering crudities that burden life ;
And, like a torrent full and rapid, clears
Th' obſtructed tubes. Beſides, this reſtleſs world
Is full of chances, which by habit's power
To learn to bear is eaſier than to ſhun.
Ah ! when ambition, meagre love of gold,
Or ſacred country calls, with mellowing wine
To moiſten well the thirſty ſuffrages ;
Say how, unſeaſon'd to the midnight frays
Of Comus and his rout, wilt thou contend
With Centaurs long to hardy deeds inur'd ?
Then learn to revel ; but by ſlow degrees :
By ſlow degrees the liberal arts are won ;
And Hercules grew ſtrong. But when you ſmooth
The brows of care, indulge your feſtive vein
In cups by well-inform'd experience found
The leaſt your bane : and only with your friends.
There are ſweet follies ; frailties to be ſeen
By friends alone, and men of generous minds.

Oh! ſeldom may the fated hours return
Of drinking deep! I would not daily taſte,
Except when life declines, even ſober cups.
Weak withering age no rigid law forbids,
With frugal nectar, ſmooth and flow with balm,
The ſapleſs habit daily to bedew,
And give the heſitating wheels of life
Gliblier to play. But youth has better joys:
And is it wiſe when youth with pleaſure flows,
To ſquander the reliefs of age and pain?

What dextrous thouſands juſt within the goal
Of wild debauch direct their nightly courſe!
Perhaps no ſickly qualms bedim their days,
No morning admonitions ſhock the head.
But ah! what woes remain! Life rolls apace,
And that incurable diſeaſe old age,
In youthful bodies more ſeverely felt,
More ſternly active, ſhakes their blaſted prime:
Except kind nature by ſome haſty blow
Prevent the lingering fates. For know, whate'er

Beyond its natural fervor hurries on
The sanguine tide ; whether the frequent bowl,
High-seasoʼn'd fare, or exercise to toil
Protracted ; spurs to its last stage tir'd life,
And sows the temples with untimely snow.
When life is new, the ductile fibres feel
The heart's increasing force ; and, day by day,
The growth advances : till the larger tubes,
Acquiring (from their *elemental veins,
Condens'd to solid chords) a firmer tone,

* *In the human body, as well as in those of other animals, the larger blood vessels are composed of smaller ones ; which, by the violent motion and pressure of the fluids in the large vessels, lose their cavities by degrees, and degenerate into impervious chords or fibres. In proportion as these small vessels become solid, the larger must of course grow less extensile, more rigid, and make a stronger resistance to the action of the heart, and force of the blood. From this gradual condensation of the smaller vessels, and consequent rigidity of the larger ones, the progress of the human body from infancy to old age is accounted for.*

Sustain, and just sustain, th' impetuous blood.
Here stops the growth. With overbearing pulse
And pressure, still the great destroy the small;
Still with the ruins of the small grow strong,
Life glows mean time, amid the grinding force
Of viscuous fluids and elastic tubes;
Its various functions vigorously are plied
By strong machinery; and in solid strength
The Man confirm'd long triumphs o'er disease.
But the full ocean ebbs: There is a point,
By nature fix'd, whence life must downward tend
For still the beating tide consolidates
The stubborn vessels, more reluctant still
To the weak throbs of th' ill-supported heart.
This languishing, these strength'ning by degrees
To hard unyielding unelastic bone,
Through tedious channels the congealing flood
Crawls lazily, and hardly wanders on;
It loiters still: And now it stirs no more.
This is the period few attain; the death

Of nature ; thus (ſo heaven ordain'd it) life
Deſtroys itſelf ; and could theſe laws have chang'd,
Neſtor might now the fates of Troy relate ;
And Homer live immortal as his ſong.
What does not fade ? The tow'r that long hath ſtood
The cruſh of thunder and the warring winds,
Shook by the ſlow but ſure deſtroyer, Time,
Now hangs in doubtful ruins o'er its baſe.
And flinty pyramids, and walls of braſs,
Deſcend : the Babylonian ſpires are ſunk ;
Achaia, Rome, and Egypt moulder down.
Time ſhakes the ſtable tyranny of thrones,
And tottering empires ruſh by their own weight.
This huge rotundity we tread grows old ;
And all theſe worlds that roll around the ſun,
The ſun himſelf ſhall die ; and ancient Night
Again involve the deſolate abyſs :
Till the great FATHER through the lifeleſs gloom
Extend his arm to light another world,
And bid new planets roll by other laws.

For through the regions of unbounded ſpace,
Where unconfin'd Omnipotence has room,
BEING, in various ſyſtems, fluctuates ſtill
Between creation and abhorr'd decay:
It ever did; perhaps and ever will.
New worlds are ſtill emerging from the deep;
The old deſcending, in their turn to riſe.

THE

Art of Preserving Health.

BOOK III.

EXERCISE.

THRO' various toils th' adventurous Muſe has paſt ;
But half the toil, and more than half, remains.
Rude is her Theme, and hardly fit for Song ;
Plain, and of little ornament ; and I
But little practis'd in th' Aonian arts.
Yet not in vain ſuch labors have we tried,
If aught theſe lays the fickle health confirm.
To you, ye delicate, I write ; for you
I tame my youth to philoſophic cares,
And grow ſtill paler by the midnight lamps.
Not to debilitate with timorous rules
A hardy frame ; nor needleſsly to brave
Unglorious dangers, proud of mortal ſtrength ;

Is all the leſſon that in wholeſome years
Concerns the ſtrong. His care were ill beſtow'd
Who would with warm effeminacy nurſe
The thriving oak which on the mountain's brow
Bears all the blaſts that ſweep the wintry heaven.

Behold the laborer of the glebe, who toils
In duſt, in rain, in cold and ſultry ſkies;
Save but the grain from mildews and the flood,
Nought anxious he what ſickly ſtars aſcend.
He knows no laws by Eſculapius given;
He ſtudies none. Yet him nor midnight fogs
Infeſt, nor thoſe envenom'd ſhafts that fly
When rabid Sirius fires th' autumnal noon.
His habit pure with plain and temperate meals,
Robuſt with labor, and by cuſtom ſteel'd
To every caſualty of varied life;
Serene he bears the peeviſh Eaſtern blaſt,
And uninfected breathes the mortal South.

Such the reward of rude and ſober life;

Of labor ſuch. By health the peaſant's toil
Is well repaid ; if exerciſe were pain
Indeed, and temperance pain. By arts like theſe
Laconia nurs'd of old her hardy ſons ;
And Rome's unconquer'd legions urg'd their way,
Unhurt, through every toil in every clime.

Toil, and be ſtrong. By toil the flaccid nerves
Grow firm, and gain a more compacted tone ;
The greener juices are by toil ſubdu'd,
Mellow'd, and ſubtiliz'd : the vapid old
Expell'd, and all the rancor of the blood.
Come, my companions, ye who feel the charms
Of nature and the year ; come, let us ſtray
Where chance or fancy leads our roving walk :
Come, while the ſoft voluptuous breezes fan
The fleecy heavens, enwrap the limbs in balm,
And ſhed a charming languor o'er the ſoul.
Nor when bright Winter ſows with prickly froſt
The vigorous ether, in unmanly warmth

Indulge at home ; nor even when Eurus' blaſts
This way and that convolve the laboring woods.
My liberal walks, ſave when the ſkies in rain
Or fogs relent, no ſeaſon ſhould confine
Or to the cloiſter'd gallery or arcade.
Go, climb the mountain ; from th' etherial ſource
Imbibe the recent gale. The cheerful morn
Beams o'er the hills ; go, mount th' exulting ſteed.
Already, ſee, the deep-mouth'd beagles catch
The tainted mazes ; and, on eager ſport
Intent, with emulous impatience try
Each doubtful trace. Or if a nobler prey
Delight you more, go chaſe the deſperate deer ;
And through its deepeſt ſolitudes awake
The vocal foreſt with the jovial horn.

But if the breathleſs chaſe o'er hill and dale
Exceed your ſtrength ; a ſport of leſs fatigue,
Not leſs delightful, the prolific ſtream
Affords. The chryſtal rivulet, that o'er

A ſtony channel rolls its rapid maze,
Swarms with the ſilver fry. Such, thro' the bounds
Of paſtoral Stafford, runs the brawling Trent;
Such Eden, ſprung from Cumbrian mountains; ſuch
The Eſk, o'erhung with woods; and ſuch the ſtream
On whoſe Arcadian banks I firſt drew air,
Liddal; till now, except in Doric lays
Tun'd to her murmurs by her love-ſick ſwains,
Unknown in ſong: Though not a purer ſtream,
Thro' meads more flowery or more romantic groves,
Rolls toward the weſtern main. Hail ſacred flood!
May ſtill thy hoſpitable ſwains be bleſt
In rural innocence; thy mountain ſtill
Teem with the fleecy race; thy tuneful woods
For ever flouriſh; and thy vales look gay
With painted meadows, and the golden grain!
Oft, with thy blooming ſons, when life was new,
Sportive and petulent, and charm'd with toys,
In thy tranſparent eddies have I lav'd:
Oft trac'd with patient ſteps thy fairy banks,

With the well-imitated fly to hook
The eager trout, and with the ſlender line
And yielding rod ſolicite to the ſhore
The ſtruggling panting prey; while vernal clouds
And tepid gales obſcur'd the ruffled pool,
And from the deeps call'd forth the wanton ſwarms.
Form'd on the Samian ſchool, or thoſe of Ind,
There are who think theſe paſtimes ſcarce humane,
Yet in my mind (and not relentleſs I)
His life is pure that wears no fouler ſtains.
But if through genuine tenderneſs of heart,
Or ſecret want of reliſh for the game,
You ſhun the glories of the chace, nor care
To haunt the peopled ſtream; the Garden yields
A ſoft amuſement, an humane delight.
To raiſe th' inſipid nature of the ground;
Or tame its ſavage genius to the grace
Of careleſs ſweet ruſticity, that ſeems
The amiable reſult of happy chance,
Is to create; and gives a god-like joy,

Which every year improves. Nor thou disdain
To check the lawless riot of the trees,
To plant the grove, or turn the barren mould.
O happy he! whom, when his years decline,
(His fortune and his fame by worthy means
Attain'd, and equal to his moderate mind;
His life approv'd by all the wise and good,
Even envied by the vain) the peaceful groves
Of Epicurus, from this stormy world,
Receive to rest; of all ungrateful cares
Absolv'd, and sacred from the selfish crowd.
Happiest of men! if the same soil invites
A chosen few, companions of his youth,
Once fellow-rakes perhaps, now rural friends;
With whom in easy commerce to pursue
Nature's free charms, and vie for sylvan fame:
A fair ambition; void of strife or guile,
Or jealousy, or pain to be outdone.
Who plans th' enchanted garden, who directs
The visto best, and best conducts the stream;

Whoſe groves the faſteſt thicken and aſcend ;
Who firſt the welcome ſpring ſalutes ; who ſhews
The earlieſt bloom, the ſweeteſt proudeſt charms
Of Flora ; who beſt gives Pomona's juice
To match the ſprightly genius of champaign.
Thrice happy days ! in rural buſineſs paſt :
Bleſt winter nights ! when as the genial fire
Cheers the wide hall, his cordial family
With ſoft domeſtic arts the hours beguile,
And pleaſing talk that ſtarts no timorous ſame,
With witleſs wantonneſs to hunt it down :
Or though the fairy-land of tale or ſong
Delighted wander, in fictitous fates
Engag'd, and all that ſtrikes humanity :
Till loſt in fable, they the ſtealing hour
Of timely reſt forget. Sometimes, at eve
His neighbors lift the latch, and bleſs unbid
His feſtal roof ; while, o'er the light repaſt,
And ſprightly cups, they mix in ſocial joy ;
And, through the maze of converſation, trace

Whate'er amuſes or improves the mind.
Sometimes at eve (for I delight to taſte
The native zeſt and flavor of the fruit,
Where ſenſe grows wild and takes of no manure)
The decent, honeſt, cheerful huſbandman
Should drown his labors in my friendly bowl;
And at my table find himſelf at home.

Whate'er you ſtudy, in whate'er you ſweat,
Indulge your taſte. Some love the manly foils;
The tennis ſome; and ſome the graceful dance.
Others more hardy, range the purple heath,
Or naked ſtubble; where from field to field
The ſounding coveys urge their laboring flight;
Eager amid the riſing cloud to pour
The gun's unerring thunder: And there are
Whom ſtill the meed* of the green archer charms.
He chuſes beſt, whoſe labor entertains

* *This word is much uſed by ſome of the old Engliſh poets, and ſignifies Reward or Prize.*

His vacant fancy moſt : The toil you hate
Fatigues you ſoon, and ſcarce improves your limbs.
As beauty ſtill has blemiſh ; and the mind
The moſt accompliſh'd its imperfect ſide ;
Few bodies are there of that happy mould
But ſome one part is weaker than the reſt :
The legs, perhaps, or arms refuſe their load,
Or the cheſt labors. Theſe aſſiduouſly,
But gently, in their proper arts employ'd,
Acquire a vigor and ſpringy activity
To which they were not born. But weaker parts
Abhor fatigue and violent diſcipline.
Begin with gentle toils ; and, as your nerves
Grow firm, to hardier by juſt ſteps aſpire.
The prudent, even in every moderate walk,
At firſt but ſaunter ; and by ſlow degrees
Increaſe their pace. This doctrine of the wiſe
Well knows the maſter of the flying ſteed.
Firſt from the goal the manag'd courſers play
On bended reins : as yet the ſkilful youth

Repreſs their foamy pride; but every breath
The race grows warmer, and the tempeſt ſwells;
Till all the fiery mettle has its way,
And the thick thunder hurries o'er the plain.
When all at once from indolence to toil
You ſpring, the fibres by the haſty ſhock
Are tir'd and crack'd, before their unctuous coats,
Compreſs'd, can pour the lubricating balm.
Beſides, collected in the paſſive veins,
The purple maſs a ſudden torrent rolls,
O'erpowers the heart and deluges the lungs
With dangerous inundation: Oft the ſource
Of fatal woes; a cough that foams with blood,
Aſthma and feller *Peripneumony,
Or the ſlow minings of the hectic fire.
Th' athletic Fool, to whom what heav'n deny'd
Of ſoul is well compenſated in limbs,
Oft from his rage, or brainleſs frolic, feels

* *The inflammation of the lungs.*

His vegetation and brute force decay.
The men of better clay and finer mould
Know nature, feel the human dignity ;
And scorn to vie with oxen or with apes.
Pursu'd prolixly, even the gentlest toil
Is waste of health : repose by small fatigue
Is earn'd ; and (where your habit is not prone
To thaw) by the first moisture of the brows.
The fine and subtle spirits cost too much
To be profus'd, too much the roscid balm.
But when the hard varieties of life
You toil to learn ; or try the dusty chace,
Or the warm deeds of some important day :
Hot from the field, indulge not yet your limbs
In wish'd repose ; nor court the fanning gale,
Nor taste the spring. O ! by the sacred tears
Of widows, orphans, mothers, sisters, sires,
Forbear ! No other pestilence has driven
Such myriads o'er th' irremeable deep.
Why this so fatal, the sagacious Muse

Thro' nature's cunning labyrinths could trace :
But there are ſecrets which who knows not now,
Muſt, ere he reach them, climb the heapy Alps
Of Science ; and devote ſeven years to toil.
Beſides, I would not ſtun your patient ears
With what it little boots you to attain.
He knows enough, the mariner, who knows
Where lurk the ſhelves, and where the whirpools boil,
What ſigns portend the ſtorm : To ſubtler minds
He leaves to ſcan, from what myſterious cauſe
Charybdis rages in th' Ionian wave ;
Whence thoſe impetuous currents in the main
Which neither oar nor ſail can ſtem ; and why
The roughening deep expects the ſtorm, as ſure
As red Orion mounts the ſhrouded heaven.

In ancient times, when Rome with Athens vied
For poliſh'd luxury and uſeful arts ;
All hot and reeking from th' Olympic ſtrife,
And warm Paleſtra, in the tepid bath

Th' athletic youth relax'd their weary limbs.
Soft oils bedew'd them, with the grateful pow'rs
Of Nard and Caſſia fraught, to ſooth and heal
The cheriſh'd nerves. Our leſs voluptuous clime
Not much invites us to ſuch arts as theſe.
'Tis not for thoſe, whom gelid ſkies embrace,
And chilling fogs; whoſe perſpiration feels
Such frequent bars from Eurus and the North;
'Tis not for thoſe to cultivate a ſkin
Too ſoft; or teach the recremental fume
Too faſt to crowd thro' ſuch precarious ways.
For thro' the ſmall arterial mouths, that pierce
In endleſs millions the cloſe-woven ſkin,
The baſer fluids in a conſtant ſtream
Eſcape, and viewleſs melt into the winds:
While this eternal, this moſt copious, waſte
Of blood, degenerate into vapid brine,
Maintains its wonted meaſure, all the powers
Of health befriend you, all the wheels of life
With eaſe and pleaſure move; But this reſtrain'd

Or more or leſs, ſo more or leſs you feel
The functions labour : from this fatal ſource
What woes deſcend is never to be ſung.
To take their numbers were to count the ſands
That ride in whirlwind the parch'd Libyan air ;
Or waves that, when the bluſtering North embroils
The Baltic, thunder on the German ſhore.
Subject not then, by ſoft emollient arts,
This grand expence, on which your fates depend,
To every caprice of the ſky ; nor thwart
The genius of your clime : For from the blood
Leaſt fickle riſe the recremental ſteams,
And leaſt obnoxious to the ſtyptic air,
Which breathe thro' ſtraiter and more callous pores.
The temper'd Scythian hence, half naked treads
His boundleſs ſnows, nor rues th' inclement heaven ;
And hence our painted anceſtors defied
The Eaſt : nor curſt, like us, their fickle ſky.
The body, moulded by the clime, endures
Th' Equator heats or Hyperborean froſt :

Except by habits foreign to its turn,
Unwiſe you counteract its forming pow'r.
Rude at the firſt, the winter ſhocks you leſs
By long acquaintance : Study then your ſky,
Form to its manners your obſequious frame,
And learn to ſuffer what you cannot ſhun.
Againſt the rigors of a damp cold heaven
To fortify their bodies, ſome frequent
The gelid ciſtern ; and, where nought forbids,
I praiſe their dauntleſs heart : A frame ſo ſteel'd
Dreads not the cough, nor thoſe ungenial blaſts
That breathe the Tertian or fell Rheumatiſm ;
The nerves ſo temper'd never quit their tone,
No chronic languors haunt ſuch hardy breaſts.
But all things have their bounds : and he who makes
By daily uſe the kindeſt regimen
Eſſential to his health, ſhould never mix
With human kind, nor art nor trade purſue.
He not the ſafe viciſſitudes of life
Without ſome ſhock endures ; ill-fitted he

To want the known, or bear unusual things.
Besides, the powerful remedies of pain
(Since pain in spite of all our care will come)
Should never with your prosperous days of health
Grow too familiar: For by frequent use
The strongest medicines lose their healing power,
And even the surest poisons theirs to kill.

Let those who from the frozen Arctos reach
Parch'd Mauritania, or the sultry West,
Or the wide flood that laves rich Indostan,
Plunge thrice a day and in the tepid wave
Untwist their stubborn pores; that full and free
Th' evaporation thro' the soften'd skin
May bear proportion to the swelling blood.
So may they 'scape the fever's rapid flames;
So feel untainted the hot breath of hell.
With us, the man of no complaint demands
The warm ablution just enough to clear
The sluices of the skin, enough to keep
The body sacred from indecent soil.

Still to be pure, ev'n did it not conduce
(As much it does) to health, were greatly worth
Your daily pains. 'Tis this adorns the rich;
The want of this is poverty's worſt woe;
With this external virtue Age maintains
A decent grace; without it youth and charms
Are loathſome. This the venal Graces know;
So doubtleſs do your wives: For married fires,
As well as lovers, ſtill pretend to taſte;
Nor is it leſs (all prudent wives can tell)
To loſe a huſband's than a lover's heart.

But now the hours and ſeaſons when to toil
From foreign themes recal my wandering ſong.
Some labour faſting, or but ſlightly fed
To lull the grinding ſtomach's hungry rage:
Where nature feeds too corpulent a frame
'Tis wiſely done: For while the thirſty veins,
Impatient of lean penury, devour
The treaſur'd oil, then is the happieſt time
To ſhake the lazy balſam from its cells,

Now while the ſtomach from the full repaſt
Subſides, but ere returning hunger gnaws,
Ye leaner habits, give an hour to toil:
And ye whom no luxuriancy of growth
Oppreſſes yet, or threatens to oppreſs.
But from the recent meal no labors pleaſe,
Of limbs or mind. For now the cordial powers
Claim all the wanderings ſpirits to a work
Of ſtrong and ſubtle toil, and great event:
A work of time: and you may rue the day
You hurried, with untimely exerciſe,
A half-concocted chyle into the blood.
The body overcharg'd with unctuous phlegm
Much toil demands: The lean elaſtic leſs.
While winter chills the blood and binds the veins,
No labours are too hard: By thoſe you 'ſcape
The ſlow diſeaſes of the torpid year;
Endleſs to name: to one of which alone,
To that which tears the nerves, the toil of ſlaves
Is pleaſure: Oh! from ſuch inhuman pains

May all be free who merit not the wheel!
But from the burning Lion when the ſun
Pours down his ſultry wrath; now while the blood
Too much already maddens in the veins,
And all the finer fluids thro' the ſkin
Explore their flight; me, near the cool caſcade
Reclin'd, or ſaunt'ring in the lofty grove,
No needleſs flight occaſion ſhould engage
To pant and ſweat beneath the fiery noon.
Now the freſh morn alone and mellow eve
To ſhady walks and active rural ſports
Invite. But, while the chilling dews deſcend,
May nothing tempt you to the cold embrace
Of humid ſkies; tho' 'tis no vulgar joy
To trace the horrors of the ſolemn wood
While the ſoft evening ſaddens into night:
Tho' the ſweet Poet of the vernal groves
Melts all the night in ſtrains of am'rous woe.

The ſhades deſcend, and midnight o'er the world
Expands her ſable wings. Great Nature droops

Thro' all her works. Now happy he whose toil
Has o'er his languid powerless limbs diffus'd
A pleasing lassitude: He not in vain
Invokes the gentle deity of dreams.
His powers the most voluptuously dissolve
In soft repose: On him the balmy dews
Of sleep with double nutriment descend.
But would you sweetly waste the blank of night
In deep oblivion; or on Fancy's wings
Visit the paradise of happy Dreams,
And waken cheerful as the lively morn;
Oppress not Nature sinking down to rest
With feasts too late, too solid, or too full:
But be the first concoction half-matur'd
Ere you to mighty indolence resign
Your passive faculties. He from the toils
And troubles of the day to heavier toil
Retires, whom trembling from the tower that rocks
Amid the clouds, or Calpe's hideous height,
The busy dæmons hurls; or in the main

O'erwhelm ; or bury ſtruggling under ground.
Not all a monarch's luxury the woes
Can counterpoiſe of that moſt wretched man,
Whoſe nights are ſhaken with the frantic fits
Of wild Oreſtes ; whoſe delirious brain,
Stung by the Furies, works with poiſon'd thought:
While pale and monſtrous painting ſhocks the ſoul,
And mangled conſciouſneſs bemoans itſelf
For ever torn ; and chaos floating round.
What dreams preſage, what dangers theſe or thoſe
Portend to ſanity, tho' prudent ſeers
Reveal'd of old and men of deathleſs fame,
We would not to the ſuperſtitious mind
Suggeſt new throbs, new vanities of fear.
'Tis ours to teach you from the peaceful night
To baniſh omens and all reſtleſs woes.
In ſtudy ſome protract the ſilent hours,
Which others conſecrate to mirth and wine ;
And ſleep till noon, and hardly live till night.
But ſurely this redeems not from the ſhades
One hour of life. Nor does it nought avail

What ſeaſon you to drowſy Morpheus give
Of th' ever-varying circle of the day;
Or whether, thro' the tedious winter gloom,
You tempt the midnight or the morning damps.
The body, freſh and vigorous from repoſe,
Defies the early fogs: but, by the toils
Of wakeful day, exhauſted and unſtrung,
Weakly reſiſts the night's unwholeſome breath.
The grand diſcharge, th' effuſion of the ſkin,
Slowly impair'd, the languid maladies
Creep on, and thro' the ſick'ning functions ſteal.
As, when the chilling Eaſt invades the ſpring,
The delicate Narciſſus pines away
In hectic languor; and a ſlow diſeaſe
Taints all the family of flowers, condemn'd
To cruel heav'ns. But why, already prone
To fade, ſhould beauty cheriſh its own bane?
O ſhame! O pity! nipt with pale Quadrille,
And midnight cares, the bloom of Albion dies!
By toil ſubdu'd, the Warrior and the Hind
Sleep faſt and deep: their active functions ſoon

With generous ſtreams the ſubtle tubes ſupply;
And ſoon the tonic irritable nerves
Feel the freſh impulſe and awake the ſoul.
The ſons of indolence with long repoſe,
Grow torpid; and with floweſt Lethe drunk,
Feebly and lingeringly return to life,
Blunt every ſenſe and pow'rleſs every limb.
Ye, prone to ſleep (whom ſleeping moſt annoys)
On the hard matraſs or elaſtic couch
Extend your limbs, and wean yourſelves from ſloth;
Nor grudge the lean projector, of dry brain
And ſpringy nerves, the blandiſhments of down:
Nor envy while the buried Bacchanal
Exhales his ſurfeit in prolixer dreams:
He without riot, in the balmy feaſt
Of life, the wants of nature has ſupply'd
Who riſes, cool, ſerene, and full of ſoul.
But pliant nature more or leſs demands,
As cuſtom forms her; and all ſudden change
She hates of habit, even from bad to good.
If faults in life, or new emergencies,

From habits urge you by long time confirm'd,
Slow may the change arrive, and ſtage by ſtage;
Slow as the ſhadow o'er the dial moves,
Slow as the ſtealing progreſs of the year.

Obſerve the circling year. How unperceiv'd
Her ſeaſons change! Behold! by ſlow degrees,
Stern Winter tam'd into a ruder Spring;
The ripen'd Spring a milder Summer glows;
Departing Summer ſheds Pomona's ſtore;
And aged Autumn brews the winter-ſtorm.
Slow as they come, theſe changes come not void
Of mortal ſhocks: The cold and torrid reigns,
The two great periods of th' important year,
Are in their firſt approaches ſeldom ſafe.
Funereal Autumn all the ſickly dread,
And the black fates deform the lovely Spring.
He well adviſ'd who taught our wiſer fires
Early to borrow Muſcovy's warm ſpoils,
Ere the firſt froſt has touch'd the tender blade;
And late reſign them, tho' the wanton Spring
Should deck her charms with all her ſiſter's rays.

Albion the poiſon of the Gods has drank,
And felt the ſting of monſters all her own.
Ere yet the fell Plantagenets had ſpent
Their ancient rage, at Boſworth's purple field;
While, for which tyrant England ſhould receive,
Her legions in inceſtuous murders mix'd,
And daily horrors; till the Fates were drunk
With kindred blood by kindred hands profus'd:
Another plague of more gigantic arm
Aroſe, a monſter never known before,
Rear'd from Cocytus its portentous head.
This rapid Fury, not like other peſts,
Purſu'd a gradual courſe, but in a day
Ruſh'd as a ſtorm o'er half th' aſtoniſh'd iſle,
And ſtrew'd with ſudden carcaſes the land.
Firſt thro' the ſhoulders, or whatever part
Was ſeiz'd the firſt, a fervid vapour ſprung.
With raſh combuſtion thence, the quivering ſpark
Shot to the heart and kindled all within;
And ſoon the ſurface caught the ſpreading fires.
Thro' all the yielding pores, the melted blood

The rapid Fates admit of no delay.
While wilful you, and fatally ſecure,
Expect to-morrow's more auſpicious ſun,
The growing peſt, whoſe infancy was weak
And eaſy vanquiſh'd, with triumphant ſway
O'erpowers your life. For want of timely care,
Millions have died of medicable wounds.
Ah! in what perils is vain life engag'd!
What ſlight neglects, what trivial faults deſtroy
The hardieſt frame! of indolence, of toil,
We die; Of want, of ſuperfluity:
The all-ſurrounding heaven, the vital air,
Is big with death. And, tho' the putrid South
Be ſhut; though no convulſive agony
Shake, from the deep foundations of the world,
Th' impriſon'd plagues; a ſecret venom oft
Corrupts the air, the water, and the land.
What livid deaths has ſad Byzantium ſeen!
How oft has Cairo, with a mother's woe,
Wept o'er her ſlaughter'd ſons and lonely ſtreets!
Even Albion, girt with leſs malignant ſkies,

Albion the poiſon of the Gods has drank,
And felt the ſting of monſters all her own.
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Their ancient rage, at Boſworth's purple field;
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Guſh'd out in ſmoaky ſweats ; but nought aſſuag'd
The torrid heat within, nor aught reliev'd
The ſtomach's anguiſh. With inceſſant toil,
Deſperate of eaſe, impatient of their pain,
They toſs'd from ſide to ſide. In vain the ſtream
Ran full and clear, they burnt and thirſted ſtill.
The reſtleſs arteries with rapid blood
Beat ſtrong and frequent. Thick and pantingly
The breath was fetch'd, & with huge lab'rings heav'd.
At laſt a heavy pain oppreſs'd the head,
A wild delirium came ; their weeping friends
Were ſtrangers now, and this no home of theirs.
Harraſs'd with toil on toil, the ſinking powers
Lay proſtrate and o'erthrown ; a ponderous ſleep
Wrapt all the ſenſes up : they ſlept and died.

In ſome a gentle horror crept at firſt
O'er all the limbs ; the ſluices of the ſkin
Withheld their moiſture, till by art provok'd
The ſweats o'erflow'd ; but in a clammy tide :
Now free and copious, now reſtrain'd and ſlow ;
Of tinctures various, as the temperature

Had mix'd the blood; and rank with fetid ſteams:
As if the pent-up humours by delay
Were grown more fell, more putrid, and malign.
Here lay their hopes (tho' little hope remain'd)
With full effuſion of perpetual ſweats
To drive the venom out. And here the fates
Were kind, that long they linger'd not in pain.
For who ſurviv'd the ſun's diurnal race
Roſe from the dreary gates of hell redeem'd:
Some the ſixth hour oppreſs'd, and ſome the third.
Of many thouſands few untainted 'ſcap'd;
Of thoſe infected fewer 'ſcap'd alive;
Of thoſe who liv'd ſome felt a ſecond blow;
And whom the ſecond ſpar'd a third deſtroy'd.
Frantic with fear, they ſought by flight to ſhun
The fierce contagion. O'er the mournful land
Th' infected city pour'd her hurrying ſwarms:
Rous'd by the flames that fir'd her ſeats around,
Th' infected country ruſh'd into the town.
Some, ſad at home, and in the deſart ſome,
Abjru'd the fatal commerce of mankind;

In vain : where'er they fled, the Fates purſu'd.
Others, with hopes more ſpecious, croſs'd the main,
To ſeek protection in far diſtant ſkies ;
But none they found. It ſeem'd the general air,
From pole to pole, from Atlas to the Eaſt,
Was then at enmity with Engliſh blood.
For but the race of England, all were ſafe
In foreign climes ; nor did this Fury taſte
The foreign blood which England then contain'd.
Where ſhould they fly ? The circumambient heaven
Involv'd them ſtill ; and every breeze was bane.
Where find relief ? The ſalutary art
Was mute ; and, ſtartled at the new diſeaſe,
In fearful whiſpers hopeleſs omens gave.
To heav'n with ſuppliant rites they ſent their pray'rs ;
Heav'n heard them not. Of every hope depriv'd ;
Fatigu'd with vain reſources ; and ſubdued
With woes reſiſtleſs and enfeebling fear ;
Paſſive they ſunk beneath the weighty blow.
Nothing but lamentable ſounds was heard,

Nor aught was seen but ghastly views of death.
Infectious horror ran from face to face,
And pale despair. 'Twas all the business then
To tend the sick, and in their turns to die.
In heaps they fell: and oft one bed, they say,
The sick'ning, dying, and the dead contain'd.

Ye guardian Gods, on whom the Fates depend
Of tottering Albion! Ye eternal Fires
That lead thro' heav'n the wand'ring year! ye pow'rs
That o'er th' incircling elements preside!
May nothing worse than what this age has seen
Arrive! Enough abroad, enough at home
Has Albion bled. Here a distemper'd heaven
Has thin'd her cities; from those lofty cliffs
That awe proud Gaul, to Thule's wintry reign!
While in the West, beyond th' Atlantic foam,
Her bravest sons, keen for the fight have dy'd
The death of cowards and of common men:
Sunk void of wounds, and fall'n without renown.

But from these views the weeping Muses turn,
And other themes invite my wandering song.

THE

Art of Preserving Health.

BOOK IV.

THE PASSIONS.

THE choice of Aliment, the choice of Air,
The uſe of Toil and all external things,
Already ſung; it now remains to trace
What good, what evil from ourſelves proceeds:
And how the ſubtle Principle within
Inſpires with health, or mines with ſtrange decay
The paſſive Body. Ye poetic Shades,
Who know the ſecrets of the world unſeen,
Aſſiſt my ſong! For, in a doubtful theme
Engag'd, I wander thro' myſterious ways.
There is, they ſay, (and I believe there is)
A ſpark within us of th' immortal fire,
That animates and moulds the groſſer frame;
And when the body ſinks eſcapes to heaven,
Its native ſeat, and mixes with the Gods.

Meanwhile this heavenly particle pervades
The mortal elements ; in every nerve
It thrills with pleasure or grows mad with pain.
And, in its secret conclave, as it feels
The body's woes and joys, this ruling power
Wields at its will the dull material world,
And is the body's health or malady.

By its own toil the gross corporeal frame
Fatigues, extenuates, or destroys itself.
Nor less the labours of the mind corrode
The solid fabric : for by subtle parts
And viewless atoms, secret Nature moves
The mighty wheels of this stupendous world.
By subtle fluids pour'd thro' subtle tubes
The natural, vital, functions are perform'd.
By these the stubborn aliments are tam'd ;
The toiling heart distributes life and strength ;
These the still-crumbling frame rebuild ; and these
Are lost in thinking. and dissolve in air.

But 'tis not thought (for still the soul's employ'd)

'Tis painful thinking that corrodes our clay,
All day the vacant eye without fatigue
Strays o'er the heaven and earth; but long intent
On microscopic arts its vigour fails.
Just so the mind, with various thought amus'd,
Nor akes itself, nor gives the body pain.
But anxious Study, Discontent, and Care,
Love without hope, and Hate without revenge,
And Fear, and Jealousy, fatigue the soul,
Engross the subtle ministers of life,
And spoil the lab'ring functions of their share.
Hence the lean gloom that melancholy wears;
The Lover's paleness: and the sallow hue
Of Envy, Jealousy; the meagre state
Of sore Revenge: the canker'd body hence
Betrays each fretful motion of the mind.

The strong-built pedant; who both night and day
Feeds on the coarsest fare the schools bestow,
And crudely fattens at gross Burman's stall;
O'erwhelm'd with phlegm lies in a dropsy drown'd,

Or ſinks in lethargy before his time.
With uſeful ſtudies you, and arts that pleaſe
Employ your mind, amuſe but not fatigue.
Peace to each drowſy metaphyſic ſage!
And ever may all heavy ſyſtems reſt!
Yet ſome there are, even of elaſtic parts,
Whom ſtrong and obſtinate ambition leads
Thro' all the rugged roads of barren lore,
And gives to reliſh what their generous taſte
Would elſe refuſe. But may nor thirſt of fame,
Nor love of knowledge, urge you to fatigue
With conſtant drudgery the liberal ſoul.
Toy with your books: and, as the various fits
Of humor ſeize you, from Philoſophy
To Fable ſhift; from ſerious Antonine
To Rabelais' ravings, and from proſe to ſong.
While reading pleaſes, but no longer, read;
And read aloud reſounding Homer's ſtrain,
And wield the thunder of Demoſthenes.
The cheſt ſo exercis'd improves in ſtrength;

And quick vibrations thro' the bowels drive
The reſtleſs blood, which in unactive days
Would loiter elſe thro' unelaſtic tubes.
Deem it not trifling while I recommend
What poſture ſuits: To ſtand and ſit by turns,
As nature prompts, is beſt. But o'er your leaves
To lean for ever, cramps the vital parts,
And robs the fine machinery of its play.
'Tis the great art of life to manage well
The reſtleſs mind. For ever on purſuit
Of knowledge bent, it ſtarves the groſſer powers:
Quite unemploy'd, againſt its own repoſe
It turns its fatal edge, and ſharper pangs
Than what the body knows embitter life.
Chiefly where Solitude, ſad nurſe of Care,
To ſickly muſing gives the penſive mind.
There Madneſs enters; and the dim-ey'd Fiend,
Sour Melancholy, night and day provokes
Her own eternal wound. The ſun grows pale;
A mournful viſionary light o'erſpreads

The cheerful face of nature : earth becomes
A dreary defart, and heaven frowns above.
Then various fhapes of curs'd illufion rife :
Whate'er the wretched fears, creating Fear
Forms out of nothing ; and with monfters teems
Unknown in hell. The proftrate foul beneath
A load of huge imagination heaves ;
And all the horrors that the murderer feels
With anxious flutterings wake the guiltlefs breaft.
Such phantoms Pride in folitary fcenes,
Or Fear, or delicate Self-love creates.
From other cares abfolv'd, the bufy mind
Finds in yourfelf a theme to pore upon ;
It finds you miferable, or makes you fo.
For while yourfelf you anxioufly explore,
Timorous Self-love, with fick'ning Fancy's aid,
Prefents the danger that you dread the moft,
And ever galls you in your tender part.
Hence fome for love, and fome for jealoufy,
For grim religion fome, and fome for pride,

Have loſt their reaſon: ſome for fear of want
Want all their lives; and others every day
For fear of dying ſuffer worſe than death.
Ah! from your boſoms baniſh, if you can,
Thoſe fatal gueſts: and firſt the Dæmon Fear;
That trembles at impoſſible events,
Leſt aged Atlas ſhould reſign his load,
And heaven's eternal battlements ruſh down.
Is there an evil worſe than Fear itſelf?
And what avails it, that indulgent heaven
From mortal eyes has wrapt the woes to come,
If we, ingenious to torment ourſelves,
Grow pale at hideous fictions of our own?
Enjoy the preſent; nor with needleſs cares,
Of what may ſpring from blind misfortune's womb,
Appal the ſureſt hour that life beſtows.
Serene, and maſter of yourſelf, prepare
For what may come; and leave the reſt to Heav'n.

Oft from the Body, by long ails miſtun'd,
Theſe evils ſprung: the moſt important health,

That of the mind deſtroy : and when the mind
They firſt invade, the conſcious body ſoon
In ſympathetic languiſhment declines.
Theſe chronic Paſſions, while from real woes
They riſe, and yet without the body's fault
Inſeſt the ſoul, admit one only cure ;
Diverſion, hurry, and a reſtleſs life.
Vain are the conſolations of the wiſe ;
In vain your friends would reaſon down your pain.
O ye, whoſe ſouls relentleſs love has tam'd
To ſoft diſtreſs, or friends untimely fall'n !
Court not the luxury of tender thought ;
Nor deem it impious to forget thoſe pains
That hurt the living, nought avail the dead.
Go, ſoft enthuſiaſt ! quit the cypreſs groves,
Nor to the rivulet's lonely moanings tune
Your ſad complaint. Go, ſeek the cheerful haunts
Of men, and mingle with the buſtling crowd ;
Lay ſchemes for wealth, or pow'r, or fame, the wiſh
Of nobler minds, and puſh them night and day.

Or join the caravan in queſt of ſcenes
New to your eyes, and ſhifting every hour,
Beyond the Alps, beyond the Appennines.
Or more advent'rous, ruſh into the field
Where war grows hot; and raging thro' the ſky,
The loſty trumpet ſwells the mad'ning ſoul:
And in the hardy camp and toilſome march
Forget all ſofter and leſs manly cares.

But moſt too paſſive, when the blood runs low,
Too weakly indolent to ſtrive with pain,
And bravely by reſiſting conquer Fate,
Try Circe's arts; and in the tempting bowl
Of poiſon'd Nectar ſweet oblivion ſwill.
Struck by the pow'rful charm, the gloom diſſolves
In empty air; Elyſium opens round,
A pleaſing phrenzy buoys the lighten'd ſoul,
And ſanguine hopes diſpel your fleeting care;
And what was difficult and what was dire,
Yields to your proweſs and ſuperior ſtars:
The happieſt you of all that e'er were mad.

Or are, or ſhall be, could this folly laſt.
But ſoon your heaven is gone ; a heavier gloom
Shuts o'er your head : and, as the thund'ring ſtream,
Swoln o'er its banks with ſudden mountain rain,
Sinks from its tumult to a ſilent brook ;
So, when the frantic raptures in your breaſt
Subſide, you languiſh into mortal man ;
You ſleep, and waking find yourſelf undone.
For prodigal of life in one raſh night
You laviſh'd more than might ſupport three days.
A heavy morning comes ; your cares return
With tenfold rage. An anxious ſtomach well
May be endur'd ; ſo may the throbbing head :
But ſuch a dim delirium, ſuch a dream,
Involves you ; ſuch a daſtardly deſpair
Unmans your ſoul, as mad'ning Pentheus felt,
When, baited round Cithæron's cruel ſides,
He ſaw two Suns, and double Thebes aſcend.
You curſe the ſluggiſh Port ; you curſe the wretch,
The felon, with unnatural mixture firſt

Who dar'd to violate the virgin Wine.
Or on the fugitive Champain you pour
A thouſand curſes ; for to heav'n it rapt
Your ſoul, to plunge you deeper in deſpair.
Perhaps you rue even that divineſt gift,
The gay, ſerene, good-natur'd Burgundy,
Or the freſh fragrant vintage of the Rhine :
And wiſh that heaven from mortals had with-held
The grape, and all intoxicating bowls.
Beſides, it wounds you ſore to recollect
What follies in your looſe unguarded hour
Eſcap'd. For one irrevocable word,
Perhaps that meant no harm, you loſe a friend.
Or in the rage of wine your haſty hand
Performs a deed to haunt you to the grave.
Add that your means, your health, your parts decay ;
Your friends avoid you ; brutiſhly transform'd
They hardly know you ! or if one remains
To wiſh you well, he wiſhes you in heaven.
Deſpis'd, unwept you fall ; who might have left

A facred, cherifh'd, fadly-pleafing name;
A name ftill to be utter'd with a figh.
Your laft ungraceful fcene has quite effac'd
All fenfe and memory of your former worth.

How to live happieft; how avoid the pains,
The difappointments, and difguſts of thoſe
Who would in pleaſure all their hours employ;
The precepts here of a divine old man
I could recite. Tho' old, he ſtill retain'd
His manly ſenſe, and energy of mind.
Virtuous and wiſe he was, but not ſevere;
He ſtill remember'd that he once was young;
His eaſy preſence check'd no decent joy.
Him even the diſſolute admir'd; for he
A graceful looſeneſs when he pleas'd put on,
And laughing could inſtruct. Much had he read,
Much more had ſeen; he ſtudied from the life,
And in th' original perus'd mankind.
Vers'd in the woes and vanities of life,

He pitied Man : and much he pitied thoſe
Whom falſely-ſmiling Fate has curs'd with means
To diſſipate their days in queſt of joy.
Our aim is happineſs ; 'tis yours, 'tis mine,
He ſaid, 'tis the purſuit of all that live ;
Yet few attain it, if 'twas e'er attain'd.
But they the wideſt wander from the mark,
Who thro' the flow'ry paths of ſaunt'ring Joy
Seek this coy Goddeſs ; that from ſtage to ſtage
Invites us ſtill, but ſhifts as we purſue.
For, not to name the pains that pleaſure brings,
To counterpoiſe itſelf, relentleſs Fate
Forbids that we thro' gay voluptuous wilds,
Should ever roam : and where the Fates more kind,
Our narrow luxuries would ſoon grow ſtale.
Were theſe exhauſtleſs, Nature would grow ſick,
And, cloy'd with pleaſure, ſqueamiſhly complain
That all is vanity, and life a dream.
Let nature reſt : be buſy for yourſelf,
And for your friend ; be buſy even in vain
Rather than teize her ſated appetites.
Who never faſts, no banquet e'er enjoys ;
Who never toils or watches, never ſleeps.
Let nature reſt : and when the taſte of joy
Grows keen, indulge ; but ſhun ſatiety.

'Tis not for mortals always to be bleſt.
But him the leaſt the dull or painful hours
Of life oppreſs, whom ſober Senſe conducts,
And Virtue, thro' this labyrinth we tread.
Virtue and Senſe I mean not to disjoin;
Virtue and Senſe are one: and, truſt me, ſtill
A faithleſs Heart betrays the Head unſound.
Virtue (for mere Good-nature is a fool)
Is Senſe and Spirit, with Humanity:
'Tis ſometimes angry, and its frown confounds;
'Tis even vindictive, but in vengeance juſt.
Knaves fain would laugh at it; ſome great ones dare;
But at his heart the moſt undaunted ſon
Of fortune dreads its name and awful charms.
To nobleſt uſes this determines wealth;
This is the ſolid pomp of proſperous days;
The peace and ſhelter of adverſity.
And if you pant for glory, build your fame
On this foundation, which the ſecret ſhock
Defies of Envy and all-ſapping time.
The gaudy gloſs of fortune only ſtrikes
The vulgar eye: the ſuffrage of the wiſe,
The praiſe that's worth ambition, is attain'd
By Senſe alone, and dignity of mind.

Virtue, the ſtrength and beauty of the ſoul,
Is the beſt gift of heaven: a happineſs

That even above the ſmiles and frowns of fate
Exalts great Nature's favorites : a wealth
That ne'er encumbers, nor can be transferr'd.
Riches are oft by guilt and baſeneſs earn'd ;
Or dealt by chance, to ſhield a lucky knave,
Or throw a cruel ſun-ſhine on a fool.
But for one end, one much-neglected uſe,
Are riches worth your care : (for Nature's wants
Are few, and without opulence ſupply'd.)
This noble end is, to produce the Soul ;
To ſhew the virtues in their faireſt light ;
To make Humanity the Miniſter
Of bounteous Providence ; and teach the breaſt
That generous luxury the Gods enjoy.

Thus, in his graver vein, the friendly Sage
Sometimes declaim'd. Of right and wrong he taught
Truths as refin'd as ever Athens heard ;
And (ſtrange to tell!) he practis'd what he preach'd.
Skill'd in the Paſſions, how to check their ſway
He knew, as far as Reaſon can controul
The lawleſs Powers. But other cares are mine :
Form'd in the ſchool of Pæon, I relate
What Paſſions hurt the body, what improve :
Avoid them, or invite them, as you may.

Know then, whatever cheerful and ſerene
Supports the mind, ſupports the body too.

Hence, the moſt vital movement mortals feel
Is Hope ; the balm and life-blood of the ſoul.
It pleaſes, and it laſts. Indulgent heaven
Sent down the kind deluſion, thro' the paths
Of rugged life to lead us patient on ;
And make our happieſt ſtate no tedious thing.
Our greateſt good, and what we leaſt can ſpare,
Is Hope : the laſt of all our evils, Fear.

But there are paſſions grateful to the breaſt,
And yet no friends to Life ; perhaps they pleaſe
Or to exceſs, and diſſipate the ſoul ;
Or while they pleaſe, torment. The ſtubborn Clown,
The ill-tam'd Ruffian, and pale Uſurer,
(If Love's omnipotence ſuch hearts can mould)
May ſafely mellow into love ; and grow
Refin'd, humane, and generous, if they can.
Love in ſuch boſoms never to a fault
Or pains or pleaſes. But, ye finer Souls,
Form'd to ſoft luxury, and prompt to thrill
With all the tumults, all the joys and pains,
That beauty gives ; with caution and reſerve
Indulge the ſweet deſtroyer of repoſe,
Nor court too much the Queen of charming cares.
For, while the cheriſh'd poiſon in your breaſt
Ferments and maddens ; ſick with jealouſy,
Abſence, diſtruſt, or even with anxious joy

The wholeſome appetites and powers of life
Diſſolve in languor. The coy ſtomach loaths
The genial board: Your cheerful days are gone;
The generous bloom that fluſh'd your cheeks is fled.
To ſighs devoted and to tender pains,
Penſive you ſit, or ſolitary ſtray,
And waſte your youth in muſing. Muſing firſt
Toy'd into care your unſuſpecting heart:
It found a liking there, a ſportful fire,
And that fomented into ſerious love;
Which muſing daily ſtrengthens and improves
Thro' all the heights of fondneſs and romance:
And you're undone, the fatal ſhaft has ſped,
If once you doubt whether you love or no.
The body waſtes away; th' infected mind,
Diſſolv'd in female tenderneſs, forgets
Each manly virtue, and grows dead to fame.
Sweet heaven from ſuch intoxicating charms
Defend all worthy breaſts! Not that I deem
Love always dangerous, always to be ſhun'd,
Love well repaid, and not too weakly ſunk
In wanton and unmanly tenderneſs,
Adds bloom to Health; o'er ev'ry virtue ſheds
A gay, humane, a ſweet, and generous grace,
And brightens all the ornaments of man.
But fruitleſs, hopeleſs, diſappointed, rack'd
With jealouſy, fatigu'd with hope and fear,

Too serious, or too languishingly fond,
Unnerves the body and unmans the soul.
And some have died for love; and some run mad;
And some with desp'rate hands themselves have slain.
Some to extinguish, others to prevent,
A mad devotion to one dangerous Fair,
Court all they meet; in hopes to dissipate
The cares of Love amongst an hundred Brides.
Th' event is doubtful: for there are who find
A cure in this; there are who find it not.
'Tis no relief, alas! it rather galls
The wound, to those who are sincerely sick.
For while from feverish and tumultuous joys
The nerves grow languid and the soul subsides,
The tender fancy smarts with every sting,
And what was Love before is Madness now.
Is health your care, or luxury your aim,
Be temperate still: When Nature bids, obey;
Her wild impatient sallies bear no curb:
But when the purient habit of delight,
Or loose Imagination, spurs you on
To deeds above your strength, impute it not
To Nature: Nature all compulsion hates.
Ah; let not luxury nor vain renown
Urge you to feats you well might sleep without;
To make what should be rapture a fatigue,
A tedious task; nor in the wanton arms

Of twining Laïs melt your manhood down.
For from the colliquation of ſoft joys
How chang'd you riſe! the ghoſt of what you was!
Languid, and melancholy, and gaunt, and wan;
Your veins exhauſted, and your nerves unſtrung.
Spoil'd of its balm and ſprightly zeſt, the blood
Crows vapid phlegm: along the tender nerves
(To each ſlight impulſe tremblingly awake)
A ſubtle Fiend that mimics all the plagues
Rapid and reſtleſs ſprings from part to part.
The blooming honours of your youth are fallen;
Your vigor pines; your vital powers decay;
Diſeaſes haunt you; and untimely Age
Creeps on; unſocial, impotent, and lew'd.
Infatuate, impious, epicure! to waſte
The ſtores of pleaſure, cheerfulneſs, and health!
Infatuate all who make delight their trade,
And coy perdition every hour purſue.

Who pines with Love, or in laſcivious flames
Conſumes, is with his own conſent undone:
He chuſes to be wretched, to be mad;
And warn'd proceeds and wilful to his fate.
But there's a Paſſion, whoſe tempeſtuous ſway
Tears up each virtue planted in the breaſt,
And ſhakes to ruins proud Philoſophy.
For pale and trembling Anger ruſhes in,

With fault'ring ſpeech, and eyes that wildly ſtare;
Fierce as the Tiger, madder than the ſeas,
Deſp'rate, and arm'd with more than human ſtrength.
How ſoon the calm, humane, and poliſh'd man
Forgets compunction, and ſtarts up a fiend!
Who pines with Love, or waſtes with ſilent Cares,
Envy, or ignominy, or tender grief,
Slowly deſcends, and ling'ring, to the ſhades.
But he whom Anger ſtings, drops, if he dies,
At once, and ruſhes apoplectic down;
Or a fierce fever hurries him to hell.
For, as the Body thro' unnumber'd ſtrings,
Reverberates each vibration of the Soul;
As is the Paſſion, ſuch is ſtill the Pain
The Body feels; or chronic, or acute.
And oft a ſudden ſtorm at once o'erpowers
The Life, or gives your Reaſon to the winds.
Such fates attend the raſh alarm of Fear,
And ſudden Grief, and Rage, and ſudden Joy.

There are, mean time, to whom the boiſt'rous fit
Is Health, and only fills the ſails of life.
For where the mind a torpid winter leads,
Wrapt in a body corpulenr and cold,
And each clogg'd function lazily moves on;
A generous ſally ſpurns th' incumbent load,
Unlocks the breaſt, and gives a cordial glow.

But if your wrathful blood is apt to boil,
Or are your nerves too irritably ſtrung,
Wave all diſpute ; be cautious, if you joke ;
Keep lent for ever ; and forſwear the Bowl.
For one raſh moment ſends you to the ſhades,
Or ſhatters ev'ry hopeful ſcheme of life,
And gives to horror all your days to come.
Fate, arm'd with thunder, fire, and ev'ry plague,
That ruins, tortures, or diſtracts mankind,
And makes the happy wretched in an hour,
O'erwhelms you not with woes ſo horrible
As your own wrath, nor gives more ſudden blows.
While choler works good friend you may be wrong ;
Diſtruſt yourſelf, and ſleep before you fight.
'Tis not too late to morrow to be brave !
If honour bids, to morrow kill or die.
But calm advice againſt a raging fit
Avails too little ; and it braves the power
Of all that ever taught in Proſe or Song,
To tame the Fiend that ſleeps a gentle Lamb,
And wakes a Lion. Unprovok'd and calm,
You reaſon well ; ſee as you ought to ſee,
And wonder at the madneſs of mankind :
Seiz'd with the common rage, you ſoon forget
The ſpeculations of your wiſer hours.
Beſet with Furies of all deadly ſhapes,

Fierce and insidious, violent and slow :
With all that urge or lures us on to Fate :
What refuge shall we seek ? what arms prepare ?
Where reason proves too weak, or void of wiles
To cope with subtle or impetuous powers,
I would invoke new Passions to your aid ;
With Indignation would extinguish Fear,
With Fear, or generous Pity vanquish Rage,
And Love with Pride ; and force to force oppose.
There is a Charm, a Power, that sways the breast ;
Bids every Passion revel or be still ;
Inspires with Rage, or all your Care dissolves ;
Can sooth Distraction, and almost Despair.
That power is Music : Far beyond the stretch
Of those unmeaning warblers on our stage ;
Those clumsy Heroes, those fat-headed Gods,
Who move no passion justly but Contempt :
Who, like our dancers (light indeed and strong !)
Do wond'rous feats, but never heard of grace.
The fault is ours : we bear those monstrous arts ;
Good Heaven! we praise them : we with loudest peals,
Applaud the fool that highest lifts his heels ;
And, with insipid shew of rapture, die
Of ideot notes impertinently long.
But he the Muse's laurel justly shares,
A Poet he, and touch'd with Heaven's own fire ;

Who, with bold rage or ſolemn pomp of ſounds,
Inflames, exalts, and raviſhes the ſoul;
Now tender, plaintive, ſweet, almoſt to pain
In love diſſolves you; now in ſprightly ſtrains
Breathes a gay rapture thro' your thrilling breaſt;
Or melts the heart with airs divinely ſad;
Or wakes to horror the tremendous ſtrings.
Such was the Bard, whoſe heavenly ſtrains of old
Appeas'd the fiend of melancholy Saul.
Such was, if old and heathen fame ſay true,
The man who bade the Theban domes aſcend,
And tam'd the ſavage nations with his ſong:
And ſuch the Thracian, whoſe melodious lyre,
Tun'd to ſoft woe, made all the mountains weep;
Sooth'd even th' inexorable powers of Hell,
And half redeem'd his loſt Eurydice.
Muſic exals each Joy, allays each Grief,
Expels Diſeaſes, ſoftens every Pain,
Subdues the rage of Poiſon, and the Plague;
And hence the wiſe of ancient days ador'd
One Power of Phyſic, Melody, and Song.

THE END.

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